# DESCRIPTION OF THE COURSE OF STUDY

Course code		0413-4ADM-B/C18-PE-M3							
Name of the course in	Polish	Podstawy ekonomii – makroekonomia							
	English	Basics of economics - macroeconomics							

### 1. LOCATION OF THE COURSE OF STUDY WITHIN THE SYSTEM OF STUDIES

1.1. Field of study	Administration
1.2. Mode of study	Full-time studies / part-time studies
1.3. Level of study	Bachelor's degree studies
1.4. Profile of study*	Practical
1.5. Person preparing the course description	Anna Dybała
1.6. Contact	Anna.dybala@ujk.edu.pl

#### 2. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE COURSE OF STUDY

2.1. Language of instruction	English
2.2. Prerequisites*	Basics of economics - microeconomics

3. DETAILED CHARACTERISTICS OF THE COURSE OF STUDY

3.1. Form of classes		Lecture (L) / Class (C)						
		Full- time studies 15 (L)/15 (C)						
		Part-time studies 10 (L)/10 (C)						
3.2. Place of classes		Classes in UJK buildings						
3.3. Form of assessn	nent	Exam / Assessment with credit						
3.4. Teaching metho	ods	Lecture: problem lecture, discussion; Viewing methods (demonstration,						
		use of technical means).						
		Classes: methods of assimilating knowledge (discussion, working with a						
		book); Practical methods (learning by doing, training methods); Didactic						
		discussion (brainstorming)						
3.5. Bibliography	Required reading	1. Principles of Economics, N.G.Mankiw, South-Western Col-						
		lege Pub (8 edition 2017)						
		2. Begg D., Fischer S., Dornbusch R., Economics (8th edition						
		2006)						
		<b>3. Macroeconomics,</b> N.G.Mankiw, Harward Uniwersity 2010,						
		7th Edition						
		[http://irfanlal.yolasite.com/resources/N.%20Gregory%20Mank						
		iw%20Macroeconomics%2C%207th%20Edition%20%20%20						
		%202009.pdf]						
	Further reading	Principles of Macroeconomics, https://openstax.org/books/principles-						
		macroeconomics						

## 4. OBJECTIVES, SYLLABUS CONTENT AND INTENDED LEARNING OUTCOMES

### **4.1.** Course objectives (including form of classes)

Lecture\*

- C1. Knowledge providing basic macroeconomics knowledge in the field of theoretical concepts, as well as introducing the mechanisms of functioning national economy. Preparing the student for use of basic categories of macroeconomics and its tools to analyze national economy.
- C2. Skills -developing students' ability to evaluate economic processes, with the possibility of using theory to interpret problems of economic practice and shaping attitudes appropriate for the evaluation of economic programs and basic phenomena and macroeconomic processes.
- C 3. Social competences the course promotes understanding of aggregate economic activity and the critical evaluation of determinants of economic progress and economic decisions made by policy makers.

Classes\*

- C1. Knowledge providing students with basic macroeconomics knowledge in the field of theoretical concepts and practical skills, as well as introducing students to the mechanisms of functioning of a mixed market economy
- C2. Skills preparing students for open use of basic macroeconomic tools, with an indication of the practical application of theoretical knowledge gained
- C3. Social competences developing students' ability to look at economic processes in a multifaceted manner and in

particular to make the student more aware of the possibilities of using theory to interpret econom-ic problems and to develop attitudes appropriate for the evaluation of economic programs and basic macroe-conomic phenomena and processes.

#### **4.2. Detailed syllabus** (including form of classes)

#### Lectures

- Macroeconomic and national economies. Macroeconomic perspectives on aggregate demand and supply.
- 2. National income account.
- 3. Adjusting nominal values to real values. How well GDP measures the well-being of society
- 4. Factors determining the level of national income (short and long term).
- 5. Macroeconomic equilibrium.
- 6. State budget, budget deficit, public debt.
- 7. Fiscal policy and its impact on the state of the economy.
- 8. Money its functions in the economy.
- 9. The role of banking system. Central Bank its functions in the economy.
- 10. Monetary policy and its impact on the state of the economy.
- 11. The effectiveness of fiscal and monetary policy.
- 12. Business fluctuations, business cycle.
- 13. Basic inflation models-the CPI and Core Inflation Index. additional price indices: PPI, GDP Deflator,
- 14. Basic unemployment models the unemployment and equilibrium in the labour market .
- 15. Economic growth.

### **Exercises**

- 1. Introduction: Basic concepts of Economics.
- 2. Pitfalls in economic reasoning and subjectivity.
- 3. Tools of economic analysis.
- 4. Definition of macroeconomics
- 5. National Income Accounting (Calculating GDP and GNP)
- 6. Aggregate Demand and Aggregate supply (macroeconomic equilibrium)
- 7. Expenditure decisions (Investment, Consumption Expenditure and Saving)
- 8. The multiplier
- 9. Fiscal Policies (Deficits and Debt)
- 10. Money, Banking and Prices (Monetary Policy in the Keynesian Model)
- 11. The labor market and unemployment
- 12. Interests Rates and inflation
- 13. The Effect of Government Purchases

4.3 Intended learning outcomes

Code	A student, who passed the course	Relation to learning outcomes							
	within the scope of <b>KNOWLEDGE</b> :								
W01	knows the basic macroeconomic indicators and uses them during the analysis of the	ADM1P_W01							
	economic situation								
W02	understands basic macroeconomic terms including: aggregate demand, aggregate	ADM1P_W06							
	supply, macroeconomic equilibrium and defines them								
W03	explains the relationship between economic phenomena referring to their origin and	ADM1P_W011							
	effects in the short and long term, using the basic tools for presenting data								
	within the scope of <b>ABILITIES</b> :								
U01	solves simple tasks and sets the level of production and national income values for the	ADM1P_U13							
	macroeconomic equilibrium, using the knowledge of the multiplier mechanism	ADM1P_U16							
U02	formulates and interpretes conclusions resulting from the analysis	ADM1P_U08							
U03	compares the results with values in other periods and assesses the current state of the	ADM1P_U018							
	economy based on the parameters determined								
	within the scope of <b>SOCIAL COMPETENCE</b> :								
K01	knows that the economy is instability and knows the causes this situation and its	ADM1P_K05							
	consequences								
K02	constantly deepens knowledge in the field of macroeconomics and keeps track of	ADM1P_K01							

	changes taking place in the economy	
KO3	expresses opinions on important social and economic issues and is ready to defend its	ADM1P_K03
	own opinion	

		Method of assessment (+/-)																			
Teaching outcomes (code)	Exam written*			Test*			Project*  Form of classes		Effort in class* Form of classes		Self-study*  Form of classes		Group work* Form of classes			Others*  Form of classes					
	Form of classes		Form of classes																		
	L	C		L	C		L	C		L	C		L	С		L	C		L	С	
W01	X			X																	
W02	X			X																	
W03	X			X																	
U01	X			X				X													
U02	X			X				X													
U03	X			X				X													
K01								X			X			X							
K02											X										
K03											X										

<sup>\*</sup>delete as appropriate

4.5. Crit	eria of a	ssessment of the intended learning outcomes
Form of classes	Grade	Criterion of assessment
	3	The student gave an answer to the questions asked at the level 55-69% according to the adopted score.
	3,5	The student gave an answer to the questions asked at the level 70-75% according to the accepted score
re (L	4	The student answered the questions asked at the level 76-85% according to the adopted score.
lecture (L)	4,5	The student answered the questions asked on the level 86-90% according to the score.
	5	The student answered the questions asked at the level 91% -100 according to the adopted score.
	3	The student obtain the level of 55-69% points, which is the sum of points obtained at two tests and the activity in the class.
*(C)*	3,5	The student obtain the level of 70-75% points, which is the sum of points obtained at two tests and the activity in the class.
classes (C)*	4	The student obtain the level of 76-80% points, which is the sum of points obtained at two tests and the activity in the class, additionally the student made own project.
ck	4,5	The student obtain the level of 86-90% points, which is the sum of points obtained at two tests and the activity in the class, additionally the student made own project.
	5	The student obtain the level of 91-100% points, which is the sum of points obtained at two tests and the activity in the class, additionally the student made own project.

# 5. BALANCE OF ECTS CREDITS - STUDENT'S WORK INPUT

	Student	Student's workload				
Category	Full-time studies	Extramural studies				
NUMBER OF HOURS WITH THE DIRECT PARTICIPATION OF THE TEACHER /CONTACT HOURS/	30	20				
Participation in lectures*	15	10				
Participation in classes, seminars, laboratories*	15	10				
Preparation in the exam/final test*						
Others*						
INDEPENDENT WORK OF THE STUDENT/NON-CONTACT HOURS/	20	30				
Preparation for the lecture*	2	4				

Preparation for the classes, seminars, laboratories*	8	11
Preparation for the exam/test*	10	15
Gathering materials for the project/Internet query*		
Preparation of multimedia presentation		
Others (please specify e.g. e-learning)*		
TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS	50	50
ECTS credits for the course of study	2	2

<sup>\*</sup>delete as appropriate

Accepted for execution (date and legible signatures of the teachers running the course in the given academic ye	ear)
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